

CANADIAN WOOD PALLET AND CONTAINER ASSOCIATION
Financial Statements
Year Ended December 31, 2021

CANADIAN WOOD PALLET AND CONTAINER ASSOCIATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Canadian Wood Pallet and Container Association

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Canadian Wood Pallet and Container Association (the Association), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the statements of revenues and expenses, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as at December 31, 2021, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-profit Organizations (ASNPO).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Canadian Wood Pallet and Container Association *(continued)*

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Ottawa, Ontario
July 18, 2022

Leslie & MacLeod

Leslie & MacLeod, Chartered Professional Accountants
(A Professional Corporation)

Authorized to practise public accounting by
the Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario

CANADIAN WOOD PALLET AND CONTAINER ASSOCIATION

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2021

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Cash	\$ 295,725	\$ 439,557
Short term investment (<i>Note 3</i>)	504,252	-
Accounts receivable	114	3,985
Harmonized sales tax recoverable	6,936	8,307
Prepaid expenses	21,122	15,276
	828,149	467,125
TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (<i>Note 4</i>)	2,340	175,764
	\$ 830,489	\$ 642,889
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 38,793	\$ 98,091
Employee deductions payable	12,004	11,788
Deferred revenue (<i>Note 5</i>)	38,351	57,311
	89,148	167,190
NET ASSETS	741,341	475,699
	\$ 830,489	\$ 642,889

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Director

Director

CANADIAN WOOD PALLET AND CONTAINER ASSOCIATION

Statement of Revenues and Expenses

Year Ended December 31, 2021

	2021	2020
REVENUES		
Inspection	\$ 997,945	\$ 964,898
Membership dues	96,761	91,708
Other	11,600	16,782
	1,106,306	1,073,388
EXPENSES		
Payroll	467,819	456,673
Inspection program	361,149	315,909
General and administrative	131,071	113,341
Travel	23,615	36,240
IT services	15,120	22,787
Amortization of tangible assets	627	8,010
Annual general meeting	-	200
	999,401	953,160
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES FROM OPERATIONS	106,905	120,228
OTHER REVENUE (EXPENSE)		
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	155,877	-
Investment income	4,252	-
Write off of goodwill	-	(270,015)
Foreign exchange loss	(1,392)	(13,921)
	158,737	(283,936)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$ 265,642	\$ (163,708)

CANADIAN WOOD PALLET AND CONTAINER ASSOCIATION

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year Ended December 31, 2021

	2021	2020
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 475,699	\$ 639,407
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	265,642	(163,708)
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 741,341	\$ 475,699

CANADIAN WOOD PALLET AND CONTAINER ASSOCIATION

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2021

	2021	2020
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	\$ 265,642	\$ (163,708)
Items not affecting cash:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	627	8,010
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	(155,877)	-
	110,392	(155,698)
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	3,871	47,093
Harmonized sales tax recoverable	1,371	(2,191)
Prepaid expenses	(5,846)	(947)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(59,297)	49,552
Employee deductions payable	216	1,719
Deferred revenue	(18,960)	20,999
	(78,645)	116,225
Cash flow from (used by) operating activities	31,747	(39,473)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	328,673	-
Short-term investment	(504,252)	-
Goodwill	-	270,015
Cash flow from (used by) investing activities	(175,579)	270,015
FINANCING ACTIVITY		
Note payable	-	(62,500)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FLOW	(143,832)	168,042
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	439,557	271,515
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ 295,725	\$ 439,557

CANADIAN WOOD PALLET AND CONTAINER ASSOCIATION

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2021

1. PURPOSE OF ORGANIZATION

The purpose of the Canadian Wood Pallet and Container Association (the "Association") is to promote the general welfare of the wooden pallet and packaging industry by providing newsletters to members and organizing events, activities and workplace programs for members. Under the Income Tax Act for Canada, the Association qualifies as a not-for-profit organization and is exempt from income tax.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Association follows the standards in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook and has prepared these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO). The financial statements have, in management's opinion, been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of the accounting policies outlined below.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is defined as cash on hand, cash on deposit, and short-term deposits with maturity dates of less than 90 days, net of cheques issued and outstanding at the reporting date.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Tangible capital assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives at the following rates and methods:

Building	4%	diminishing balance method
Computer equipment	30%	diminishing balance method
Computer software	55%	diminishing balance method
Furniture and equipment	20%	diminishing balance method

Amortization is recorded at one-half the normal rate in the year of acquisition.

Contributed services

The operations of the organization depend on both the contribution of time by volunteers and donated materials from various sources. The fair value of donated materials and services cannot be reasonably determined and are therefore not reflected in these financial statements.

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CANADIAN WOOD PALLET AND CONTAINER ASSOCIATION

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Revenue recognition

The Association follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. These include inspection, membership dues, other, and annual general meeting revenues.

Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned.

Foreign currency translation

Accounts in foreign currencies have been translated into Canadian dollars using the temporal method. Under this method, monetary assets and liabilities have been translated at the year end exchange rate. Non-monetary assets have been translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date of transaction. Revenues and expenses have been translated at the average rates of exchange during the year, except for amortization, which has been translated at the same rate as the related assets.

Foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets and liabilities are included in the determination of earnings.

Financial instruments policy

Measurement of financial instruments

The Association initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value.

The Association subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at cost or amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value of these financial instruments are recognized in net income.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost on a straight-line basis include cash, accounts receivable, and harmonized sales tax recoverable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost on a straight-line basis include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, employee deductions payable, and note payable.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

CANADIAN WOOD PALLET AND CONTAINER ASSOCIATION

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2021

3. INVESTMENT

	2021	2020
BMO Nesbitt Burns	\$ 504,252	\$ -

4. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	Cost	Accumulated amortization	2021 Net book value	2020 Net book value
Building	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 172,796
Computer equipment	18,773	18,603	170	244
Computer software	9,390	9,379	11	25
Furniture and equipment	30,065	27,906	2,159	2,699
	\$ 58,228	\$ 55,888	\$ 2,340	\$ 175,764

5. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue represents revenues collected but not earned as of December 31, 2021. This is primarily composed of revenue for members' inspection fees. The amounts are accrued in advance to capture balances due to fulfil the four inspection requirements according to regulations.

6. BANK CREDIT FACILITY

The Association has a bank credit facility with Bank of Montreal ("BMO") to a maximum of \$50,000 at any time and consists of the following:

Corporate Mastercard with terms determined by the Corporate Mastercard agreement.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Association is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the Association's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2021.

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CANADIAN WOOD PALLET AND CONTAINER ASSOCIATION

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2021

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *(continued)*

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The Association is exposed to credit risk from customers. In order to reduce its credit risk, the Association reviews a new customer's credit history before extending credit and conducts regular reviews of its existing customers' credit performance. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific accounts, historical trends and other information. The Association has a significant number of customers which minimizes concentration of credit risk.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Association is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its receipt of funds from its customers and other related sources and its accounts payable.

(c) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk to the company's earnings that arise from fluctuations of foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. The Association is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk on cash, accounts receivable, and accounts payable held in U.S. dollars. The Association does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk.

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Association is not exposed to significant other price risks arising from these financial instruments.